

Illustrations of Community HIEs & Interoperability

Liora Alschuler, CEO, Lantana Consulting Group

**HEALTH
STORY**

PROJECT 





Learning Objectives:

- Discuss the evolution and past contributions of the Health Story Project and corresponding partnerships.
- Describe how the Health Story Project will raise awareness and improve information exchange and interoperability for the purposes of coordinated patient care, payer-provider integration and population health.
- Explain the role and impact the HIMSS Health Story Project will play in various areas, such as dictation, document management, coding, analytics and electronic health records.

About Me

- Background in electronic text, how to make large amounts of information usable on a computer
- As volunteer worked to
 - Bring XML to healthcare exchange standards
 - Develop the CDA, CCD, Consolidated CDA
 - Co-found the Health Story Project
 - Bring 8 interoperability demonstrations to HIMSS, starting in 1999
- Current day job as Lantana CEO
 - Support standards development and deployment
 - Manage staff for virtual company of about 40 FTEs
 - Approve all menus for company dinners
 - Participate in the CDA Academy (www.cdaacademy.com)

VIEWPOINT

Robert S. Foote, MD
Department of Nuclear
Cardiology, Dartmouth
Hitchcock Medical
Center, Lebanon, New
Hampshire., and
Department of
Medicine and
Radiology, Geisel
School of Medicine at
Dartmouth, Hanover,
New Hampshire.

The Challenge to the Medical Record

JAMA, Internal Medicine, published online, May 27, 2013

Observe, record, tabulate, communicate.

Sir William Osler

Thirty years ago, no
and second-year med
medical histories and
occurred to me that
write. I came to see
forming a physical ex
like electrocardiogram
studies, and organizi

uted have become more and more inscrutable, it has

“I have never seen...a checkbox for apprehension...

“The medical record **is not data. It contains data**... but it is not data, nor is it simply a repository into which data are poured.

“... [it is] information that has been transformed by the knowledge, skill, and experience of the physician...into an understanding of human experience...”

Data from clinical notes: a perspective on the tension between structure and flexible documentation

S Trent Rosenbloom, Joshua C Denny, Hua Xu, Nancy Lorenzi, William W Stead, Kevin B Johnson

JAMIA, published online, January 12, 2011

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Biomedical Library, Room 440,
3800 G. H. Rouse Caffery

ABSTRACT

Clinical documentation is central to patient care. The success of electronic health records may depend on how well we integrate structured documentation. A major challenge is to convert unstructured documentation into electronic formats that can be used to generate reusable data.

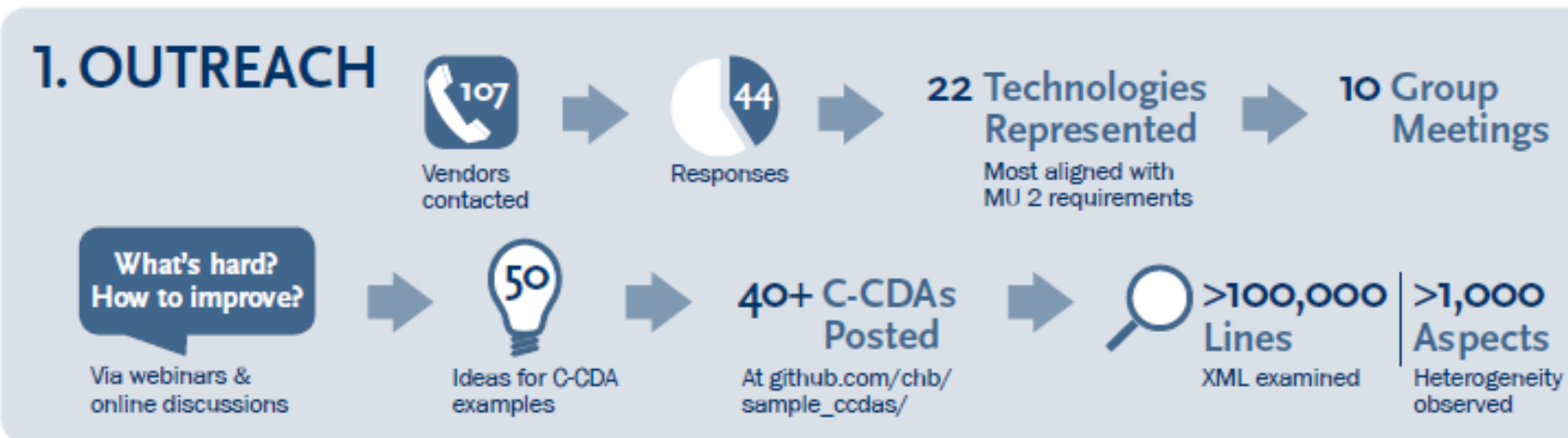
Current clinical documentation (CBD) systems that promote real-time structured clinical documentation.

Structured data capture can be at odds with the expressivity, workflow, and usability factors preferred by clinicians.

Authors recommend **choice** in data capture and text processing modalities.

smartplatforms.org

- Standard semantics are hard
- 25-33% of MU1 EHRs may not re-certify
- Many not ready for quality reporting



2. EVALUATION*

SMART C-CDA SCORECARD†

Number of Documents in Each Score Range

% score	Number of Documents
0-50	3
51-60	3
61-70	6
71-80	1
81-90	3
91-100	2

MISSING DATA

Percent missing	Field
72%	Medication Sig
55%	Allergy Severity
44%	Marital Status
44%	Result Interpretation
28%	Med Route

TERMINOLOGY

- 67% All Problems in SNOMED
- 53% Pre-Coordinated Meds in RxNorm
- 44% Codified Allergic Reactions
- 39% Uses UCUM for Results & Vitals

ERRORS

Example: Excess Precision

```
<effectiveTime value="20131202000000+500" />
```

Trailing zeroes present when only date known
Did event really happen at stroke of midnight?

Full error list: bit.ly/smart-ccda-findings, pages 5-9

*Source: Single C-CDA from 18 MU2-compliant EHR/HIE technologies
†SMART C-CDA Scorecard: ccda-scorecard.smartplatforms.org

3. IMPROVEMENT

930 Minutes Spent with 11 Individual Vendors reviewing document quality

6 Key Challenges

1. Smoking history
2. Problem status & timing
3. Medication dose & timing
4. Medication allergies & reactions
5. Highly structured lab results
6. Highly structured vital signs

Improving Interoperability



Challenge & Response

- Can we create an electronic record that ensures value for
 - Care delivery
 - Evidence-based medicine
 - And which endures over time, as technology evolves?
- Vision
 - Comprehensive electronic records that
 - Tell a patient's complete health story.

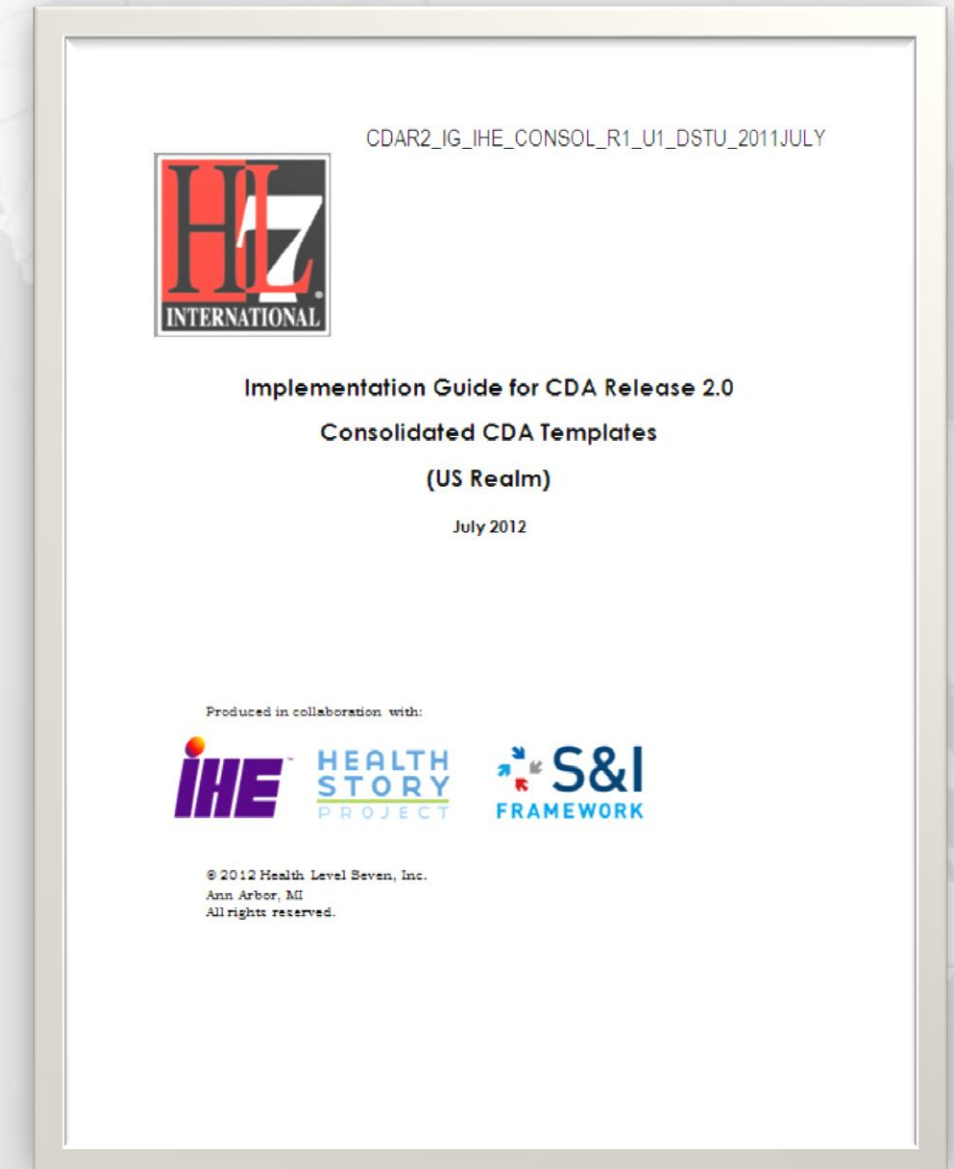
- Use simple, stable, established formats for information exchange.
 - These exist, are inexpensive to implement, and
 - Will lower the barriers to information sharing.
- Be more like the Web and less like a database.
- Open exchange networks to Big Data, incrementally structured.
- Benefits of this approach:
 - Less disruptive – adapts to wider range of technology, giving clinicians more choice in how they capture and communicate information.
 - More useful – the record is more complete, mitigating the distortion introduced by single-minded focus on structured data capture.

- Non-profit, industry alliance
- Founded as “CDA for Common Document Types” (aka CDA4CDT) in 2006 by
 - M*Modal
 - Association for Healthcare Document Integrity (AHDI)
 - American Health Information Management Association (AHIMA)
 - Alschuler Associates (aka Lantana)
- Members provide direction, elect Executive Committee
- Supported development of eight (8!) implementation guides for common clinical documents within three years
- In 2013, affiliated with HIMSS as a HIMSS Roundtable

- Associate Charter Agreement with HL7
 - Health Story convened stakeholders and supported specification development
 - Balloted through HL7 which retains ownership
- Initiated project to **consolidate** 8 guides into single guide and also
 - Update Continuity of Care Document (CCD)
 - Harmonize with Integrating the Healthcare Enterprise (IHE)
 - Integrate constraints from ONC's HITSP C32
 - Created Consolidated CDA (C-CDA) cited in MU2

- CCD
- Consultation Note
- Diagnostic Imaging Report
- Discharge Summary
- H&P
- Operative Note
- Procedure Note
- Progress Note
- Unstructured Document

***Cited in Meaningful Use Stage 2
All Very Nice Except....***



- ***Meaningful Use Stage 2 does not leverage the simple, low-end of the standard.***
- Instead:
 - “Meaning” derived from a narrow set of highly-structured data elements.
 - It orphaned Unstructured Document.
- How could this work if the ***policy*** were to change?
Stay tuned,
first this word about ... CDA.

- CDA Header:
 - Patient, provider, and encounter information
 - Metadata required to manage the document in any context
- CDA Body
 - Clinical report
 - Discharge summary, Progress note, History and physical (H&P)...
 - Healthcare Associated Infection (HAI) Report
 - Cancer Registry report
 - Quality report
 - Contains the report information in both
 - Narrative (free-text) form **required** and
 - Coded (computable) form **optional**



C:\KEG\R2M1\CDA.ReleaseTwo.MembershipBallot01.Jan.2005\html\infrastructure\cda\SampleCDA\Documen

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help



```
+ <custodian>
- <recordTarget>
  - <patient>
    <id extension="12345" root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.933" />
    - <patientPatient>
      - <name>
        <given>Henry</given>
        <family>Levin</family>
        <suffix>the 7th</suffix>
      </name>
      <administrativeGenderCode code="M" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.1" />
      <birthTime value="1932-09-24" />
    </patientPatient>
    + <providerOrganization>
  </patient>
</recordTarget>
+ <relatedDocument typeCode="R" />
+ <componentOf />
- <!--

*****
CDA Body
*****

-->
- <component>
  - <structuredBody>
    - <!--

*****
History of Present Illness section
*****

-->
- <component>
  - <section>
    <code code="10164-2" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1" codeSystemName="LOINC" />
    <title>History of Present Illness</title>
    - <text>
      - <content styleCode="Bold">
        Henry Levin, the 7
        ...
      </content>
    </text>
  </section>
</component>
</structuredBody>
</component>
</!--
-->
</component>
</structuredBody>
</component>
</recordTarget>
</patient>
</patientPatient>
</name>
</administrativeGenderCode>
</birthTime>
</patientPatient>
</patient>
</recordTarget>
</custodian>
```

- Header
- Body
 - Readable: required
 - Computable: optional

Good Health Clinic Consultation Note - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Help



file:///C:/KEG/R2M1/CDA.Rel

Subscribe with Blogli...

Good Health Clinic Con

Patient: Henry Levin , the 7th
Birthdate: September 24, 1932
Consultant: Robert Dolin , MD

History of Present Illness

Henry Levin, the 7th is a 67 year old male referred with asthma in his teens. He was hospitalized twice last year but has been able to be weaned off steroids for the past sev

Past Medical History

- Asthma
- Hypertension (see HTN.cda for details)
- Osteoarthritis, right knee

Medications

- Theodur 200mg BID
- Proventil inhaler 2puffs QID PRN
- Prednisone 20mg ad

- Model-based computable semantics
 - Observation
 - Procedure
 - Organizer
 - Supply
 - Encounter
 - Substance Administration
 - Observation Media
 - Region Of Interest
 - Act

```

<title>Past Medical History</title>
- <text>
- <list>
  - <item>
    <content ID="a1">Asthma</content>
  </item>
  + <item>
  + <item>
  </list>
</text>
- </er
  
```

RIM 3.0.6
December 4, 2004

- CDA can be simple
- CDA can be complex
- Simple encoding relatively inexpensive
- Complex encoding costs more
- You get what you pay for
 - Like charging a battery
 - The more detailed the encoding
 - The greater the potential for reuse

- **Gall's Law** is a [rule of thumb](#) from [John Gall's Systemantics: How Systems Really Work and How They Fail](#):
 - A complex system that works is invariably found to have evolved from a simple system that worked.
 - The inverse proposition also appears to be true: A complex system designed from scratch never works and cannot be made to work. You have to start over, beginning with a working simple system.

1. Get the data flowing, get the data flowing, get the data flowing.
2. Incrementally add structure, where cost effective to do so.

IHE MEDQUEST HOSPITAL
DISCHARGE SUMMARY

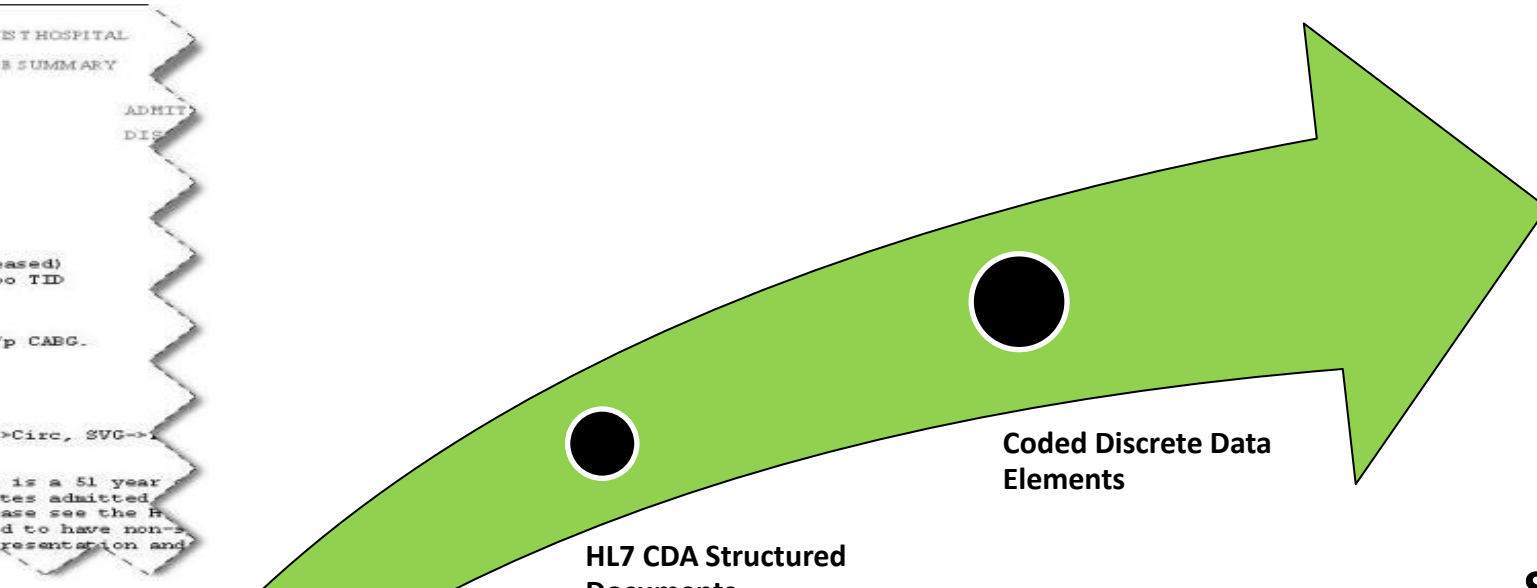
PATIENT: DOGOOD, LARRY ADMIT
MRN: A1234567 DIS
ACCOUNT #: 1234567

DISCHARGE MEDICATIONS:
1. ECASA 325 mg po daily (new)
2. Zocor 40mg po daily (new)
3. Atenolol 100mg po daily (increased)
4. Glucophage 850 mg tab, 1 tab po TID
5. Zyrtec 10mg po daily

DISCHARGE DIAGNOSES:
1. Acute Myocardial Infarction s/p CABG.
2. Cardiovascular collapse
3. Hypertension, NOS
4. Diabetes Mellitus, type II
5. Seasonal Allergies

PROCEDURE: CABG, LIMA->LAD, SVG->Circ, SVG->
2/26/07.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: This is a 51 year history of Hypertension and diabetes admitted, chest pain, and hypotension. Please see the H details of admission. He was noted to have non- and positive cardiac enzymes on presentation and admit to the U.



Narrative Text

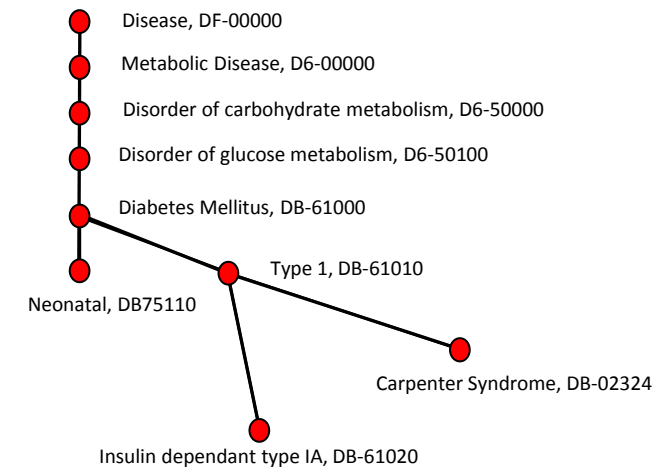
HL7 CDA Structured Documents

Coded Discrete Data Elements

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<componentOf>
  <encapsulatingEncounter classCode="ENC" moodCode="EVNF"
    <id root="1.3.6.1.4.1.2835.12" extension="99370127"
    <code code="99213" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.12" codeSystemName="CPT-4"
      displayName="Evaluation and Management"
    <effectiveTime>
      <high value="20070220"
      <low value="20070220"
    </effectiveTime>
    <dischargeDispositionCode code="01" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.21" codeSystemName="UB92"
      displayName="Routine Discharge"
    </encapsulatingEncounter>
  </componentOf>
  <componentOf>
    <component>
      <structureBody>
        <templateId root="1.3.6.1.4.1.11050.10" extension="DMPL_CDAR2_LEVEL1_SREF_US_ID_300558F"
        <component>
          <action>
            <templateId root="1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.7" extension="HOSPITAL DISCHARGE DX Template"
            <code code="11535-2" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1" codeSystemName="LOINC"
            <displayName="HOSPITAL DISCHARGE DOC"
            <title="DISCHARGE DIAGNOSES"
            <text>
              <paragraph>1. Acute Myocardial Infarction s/p CABG.
              <paragraph>2. Cardiovascular collapse.
            </text>
          </action>
        </component>
      </structureBody>
    </component>
  </componentOf>

```

SNOMED CT



Quality Reporting

Decision Support

Clinical Applications

Meaningful Use!



Incrementalism is the CDA DNA

- Methods for acquiring codes from notes:
 - Computer-assisted coding (CAC)
 - Natural language processing (NLP)
 - Data capture templates
 - Good old text processing and pattern matching
 - Mobile and smart phone technology
- Applying standard HL7 CDA markup makes the discrete entries usable within an EHR and for the meaningful use program
- Defining the target structure and entries makes NLP engines smarter



We are looking for a shift in policy

- Lower the threshold
 - All may participate
 - Approach 100% of the records for 100% of patients
- Incentivize participation
 - At all levels, with
 - higher reward where there is higher potential to automate reuse.
- Recognize diversity of applications
 - EMR is not a proverbial hammer, not everything is a nail
 - Need applications to originate, manage, code, and analyze
- Respect
 - The clinical thought process inherent in documentation
 - The need for data that is concise and relevant as well as coded
- Provide value back to those who incur the costs

- A health record is the patient’s “health story”,
 - Shared by the patient and the circle of caregivers.
 - Sharing encompasses both access and authorship.
- The primary purpose of the record is to support care delivery.
 - This, in turn, will support better health.
 - Secondary reuse should be supported.
- Electronic records must produce a longitudinal record of lasting value,
 - Expressing the thought processes behind the delivery of care,
 - Preserving this for future readers.

- Clinical records must be complete, well organized, easy to navigate, concise, logical, adaptable to the needs of the user, sharable, and secure.
- Electronic records and new technologies
 - Support shared decision-making,
 - Document use of practice guidelines, and
 - Support evidence-based practice.

- Standards:
 - Consolidated CDA
 - Cancer Treatment Plan & Summary
 - **NEW:** Care Plan
 - **NEW:** Patient Questionnaire/response
- Highlights:
 - Patient engagement
 - Flexible information capture
 - Care coordination
 - **Full record**





Learn More, Stay in Touch, & Get Involved

- Get on mailing list
- Attend weekly calls
- Get involved
 - Filling gaps in technical specs
 - Patient-originated notes
 - Diet & Nutrition
 - What else?
 - Recruitment campaign
 - HIMSS 2014 Showcase

- <http://www.himss.org/health-story-project>
- Mission statement
- Value statement
- Bibliography
- Press release on HIMSS Health Story
- HIMSS Staff Support
 - Celina Roth
 - Manager, Staff Liaison to the Health Story Project
 - Phone: +1-312-915-9213
 - CRoth@himss.org
- Liora.Alschuler@lantanagroup.com

